# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

IN DIVIDUAL

Heavy Duty Oven & Grill Gel

: Heavy Duty Oven & Grill Gel

**Section 1. Identification** 

**GHS product identifier** 

Product code	: 139 BRI			
Other means of	: Not available.			
identification				
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses ad	visod against		
Identified uses	the substance of mixture and uses ad	viseu agamst		
Cleaner/Degreaser		1		
Uses advised against		Reason		
For Industrial and Institutiona	I Use Only	-		
Supplier's details	: BradyIFS 7055 Lindell Rd Las Vegas, NV 89118 800-293-4698			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 h	our		
Section 2. Hazard	s identification			
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardo (29 CFR 1910.1200).	ous by the OSHA Hazard	Communication Stand	ard
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Catego	ry 1		
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Danger			
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye	damage.		
Precautionary statements				
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye Wear protective clothing: Recomme handling.			
Response	<ul> <li>IF INHALED: Remove person to fro Immediately call a POISON CENTE a POISON CENTER or physician. SKIN (or hair): Take off immediate shower. Wash contaminated clothi CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES Remove contact lenses, if present a</li> </ul>	R or physician. IF SWAL Rinse mouth. Do NOT in y all contaminated clothin ng before reuse. Immedia : Rinse cautiously with wa	LOWED: Immediately duce vomiting. IF ON g. Rinse skin with wat ately call a POISON ater for several minute	ter or es.
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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage Disposal POISON CENTER or physician.

- : Store locked up.
  - : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
sodium hydroxide	≥10 - ≤25	1310-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects,	acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effects		

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	<ul> <li>Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).</li> </ul>
Methods and materials for cor	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
sodium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.	3
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas	<u>S</u>	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safe showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for differe glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	s is
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task be performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: safety apron	ing
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved b specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Lemon-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	: 13 to 13.9
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: 1.1122
Solubility	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	-	3	-

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

### Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

### routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Short term exposure Potential immediate	<ul> <li>cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
effects	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Taratananiaitu	. No logour circuiticant affects on aritical beneats

- Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene	4.38	-	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

### **Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (sodium hydroxide)					
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group	11	11	11	II	11	11
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# Section 14. Transport information

	-		1	1	1		
Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform	ation						
DOT Classificat	ion	sł (r	eportable quanti hipped in quantitie eportable quantity imited quantity	es less than the provident of the provid	roduct reportable		
TDG Classificat	ion	G	roduct classified a oods Regulations xplosive Limit ar	: 2.40-2.42 (Clas	s 8).	Transportation of	Dangerous
ADR/RID		: <u>T</u>	unnel code (E)				
IMDG		: <u>Li</u> -	<b>imited quantity</b> Y	′es.			
ΙΑΤΑ		: <u>Li</u> -	<b>imited quantity</b> Y	′es.			
Special precautio	ns for user	u	ransport within ι oright and secure. vent of an accider	Ensure that pers			
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MAI the IBC Code		: N	ot available.				

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Ŭ					
U.S. Federal regulations	•	a) PAIR: 4-(4-hydroxy-4-me namaldehyde	thylpentyl)cyclohex-3	}-enecarbaldehyde; α-	
	TSCA 8(	a) CDR Exempt/Partial ex	emption: Not determ	nined	
	Clean W	ater Act (CWA) 307: dodeo	canenitrile		
	Clean W	ater Act (CWA) 311: sodiu	m hydroxide		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed	t			
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed	t			
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed	t			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed	t			
SARA 302/304					
Composition/information	on ingredien	<u>its</u>			
No products were found.					
SARA 304 RQ	: Not appl	icable.			
SARA 311/312					
Classification		RROSION - Category 1 EYE DAMAGE - Category	1		
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### Section 15. Regulatory information

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
sodium hydroxide		CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Sodium Hydroxide Solution

New York

- : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide
- New Jersey
- : The following components are listed: Sodium Hydroxide Solution
- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: Sodium Hydroxide Solution

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### International regulations

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: At least one component is not listed.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification		
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1		On basis of test data On basis of test data	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 1/31/2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/31/2023		
Date of previous issue	: 2/4/2021		
Version	: 2		
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificat IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition of MARPOL = International Convention for the Preve as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = m UN = United Nations	coefficient ntion of Pollution From Ships, 1973	
References	: Not available.		
Indicates information the	at has changed from previously issued version.		

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### Section 16. Other information

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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