SAFETY DATA SHEET

IN DIVIDUAL

MAX-3X ALL-PURPOSE DEGREASER

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: MAX-3X ALL-PURPOSE DEGREASER				
Product code	: 1012 BRI				
Other means of identification	: Not avail	lable.			
Product type	: Liquid.				
Relevant identified uses of t	<u>he substanc</u>	e or mixture and uses ad	vised against		
Identified uses					
Cleaner/Degreaser					
Uses advised against			Reason		
For Industrial and Institutional	Use Only		-		
Supplier's details	: BradylFS 7055 Lin Las Vega 800-293	dell Rd as, NV 89118			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtre	ec (800) 424-9300 24 h	iour		
Section 2. Hazard	s identif	fication			
OSHA/HCS status		terial is considered hazardo 1910.1200).	ous by the OSHA Hazard C	Communication Sta	indard
Classification of the substance or mixture		ORROSION - Category 1 S EYE DAMAGE - Catego	ry 1		
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Danger				
Hazard statements	: Causes	severe skin burns and eye	damage.		
Precautionary statements					
Prevention		otective gloves. Wear eye otective clothing. Wash ha			oggles.
Response	Immedia a POISC SKIN (or shower. CENTEF Remove	ED: Remove person to fr tely call a POISON CENTE N CENTER or physician. hair): Take off immediate Wash contaminated clothi or physician. IF IN EYES contact lenses, if present a CENTER or physician.	ER or physician. IF SWAL Rinse mouth. Do NOT inc ly all contaminated clothing ng before reuse. Immedia : Rinse cautiously with wa	LOWED: Immedia Juce vomiting. IF C g. Rinse skin with ately call a POISON ater for several min	ON water or Uutes.
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up.

: None known.

- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-butoxyethanol	≤3	111-76-2
disodium metasilicate	≤3	6834-92-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2022	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	
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Section 4. First aid measures

: Causes serious eye damage.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: Causes severe burns.
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>otoms</u>
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
: No specific data.
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
disodium metasilicate		None.
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 local exhaust ventilation or other engiairborne contaminants below any record Emissions from ventilation or work protecting they comply with the requirements of 	ocess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some neering modifications to the process equipment
	,	
Individual protection meas Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoro eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. eusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessal gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the assessment indicates a higher de	proved standard should be used when a risk ry to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, , the following protection should be worn, unless gree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ xist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	1 0 00	
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemnecessary. Considering the parameter during use that the gloves are still retain noted that the time to breakthrough for	s complying with an approved standard should be nical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ers specified by the glove manufacturer, check aining their protective properties. It should be or any glove material may be different for different mixtures, consisting of several substances, the be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the	body should be selected based on the task being should be approved by a specialist before
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any addition	nal skin protection measures should be selected nd the risks involved and should be approved by a t.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2022 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation Version : 1 5/13

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Clear. Red.
Odor	1	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	12.8 to 13.2
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	÷	Not available.
(flammable) limits		
Vapor pressure	4	Not available.
Vapor density	4	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.0209
Solubility	1	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	3	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	÷	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	4	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	3	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: 2/18/2022

Date of issue/Date of revision

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Not available.

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1

6/13

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
disodium metasilicate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1153 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
disodium metasilicate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 250 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	24 hours 250 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
disodium metasilicate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Result
2-butoxyethanol		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Routes of entry not anticipat	
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage	Э.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	ysical, chemical and toxicologi	ical characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may incl pain watering redness	ude the following:
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may incl pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	ude the following:
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may incl stomach pains	ude the following:
	cts and also chronic effects fro	om short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
effects		
effects Potential delayed effects		
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	Not available.Not available.Not available.	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available.Not available.Not available.	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff	 Not available. Not available. Not available. <u>fects</u> 	or critical hazards.
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General	 Not available. Not available. Not available. fects No known significant effects 	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General Carcinogenicity	 Not available. Not available. Not available. fects No known significant effects No known significant effects 	or critical hazards.
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	 Not available. Not available. Not available. fects No known significant effects No known significant effects No known significant effects 	or critical hazards. or critical hazards.
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General Carcinogenicity	 Not available. Not available. Not available. fects No known significant effects No known significant effects 	or critical hazards. or critical hazards. or critical hazards.

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	24154.65 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
disodium metasilicate	Acute EC50 33.53 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2320 ppm Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide)					
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (CORIGATE 8	8	8	8	8	8
Packing group				111		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform	ation		-		·	
DOT Classificati	ion : <u>L</u> i	imited quantity	/es.			
TDG Classificati			as per the followin : 2.40-2.42 (Class		Transportation of	of Dangerous

	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5
ADR/RID	: <u>Tunnel code</u> (E)

- IMDG : Limited quantity Yes.
- IATA : Limited quantity Yes.
- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL and		
the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide; Formaldehyde, solution
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304		RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
formaldehyde	<0.1	Yes.	500	73.9	100	14.8

SARA 304 RQ

: 1851851851.9 lbs / 840740740.7 kg [217553341.8 gal / 823528985 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification

: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethanol 2-butoxyethanol	≤3 ≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
disodium metasilicate	≤3	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	_ (≤3 ≤3
Supplier notification			≤3 ≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; Sodium Hydroxide Solution
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS; 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; Sodium Hydroxide Solution
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-; Sodium Hydroxide Solution

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.					
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants					
Not listed.					
Rotterdam Conventior	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)				
Not listed.					
UNECE Aarhus Protoc	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals				
Not listed.					
Inventory list					
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.				
China	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Europe	: At least one component is not listed.				
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.				
Malaysia	: Not determined				
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Thailand	: At least one component is not listed.				
Turkey	: Not determined.				
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Viet Nam	: Not determined.				

Section 16. Other information





Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
SKIN CORROSION - Categ SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE -		On basis of test data On basis of test data
History		
Date of printing	: 2/18/2022	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/18/2022	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	
Version	: 1	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	: Not available.	

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.